

**TODAY and
TOMORROW**

Let The Dogs Bark

THE Anglo-American warmongers are today in a most awful predicament. They have repeatedly promised their people that the present war would end very soon in their final victory. Their people waited and waited, but in vain. And still they do not see even a ray of victory which has been so surely promised them by their leaders. On the other hand, they have already begun to fear that the war will prolong indefinitely.

To put heart into their men, the warmongers next tried the stunts of blind bombing and the occupation of a few islands and territories. But apart from suffering colossal losses in men, money and materials, the Anglo-Americans have gained nothing substantially by these stunts. The occupation of some islands in the Pacific and some territories in Europe has, apart from adding to their liability, not helped them in their war strategy in any way. The blind bombing of the capital cities of the Axis powers, too, which the Anglo-American warmongers claimed, will bring the Axis nations to their knees, has only resulted in a further stiffening of the Axis resistance and further strengthened the will and determination of the Axis nations to fight to the very last.

This unexpected reaction to their bombing tactics has thrown the Anglo-American warmongers into utter consternation and dismay, and their peoples into unfathomable pessimism and dejection. To save the situation, the warmongers have now resorted to yet another mightier stunt—the San Francisco Conference. This Conference, they say, will discuss the problem of postwar peace and security! This is the very height of Anglo-American impudence and stupidity. The end of the war is still a long, long way off, and the Anglo-Americans do not yet possess even a ghost of a chance to achieve final victory. The force of the forthcoming San Francisco Conference, therefore, is only to impress upon the weary peoples of Britain and America that the war will soon end and that victory for them is just around the corner, both of which are clear misconceptions.

In the circumstances, what the Anglo-American warmongers are or are not going to do in the Conference will not attract the least attention from the world at large. To Indians who are determined to achieve their national independence, the San Francisco Conference is merely a mockery and sham, an object of ridicule. To the Indian people, the real Peace Conference will come only when the anti-Axis Powers are finally defeated and India is completely liberated from British yoke. Let the belted knights such as Sir Ramasami Mudaliar, Sir Feroz Khan Noon and Sir V. T. Krishnamachari who have been selected by the British authorities to represent India at the San Francisco Conference, utter any nonsense they like and repeat their Master's Voice for which

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NIPPON-THAI FRIENDSHIP UNSHAKABLE

*Declares Nippon Embassy
Spokesman In Bangkok
At Press Interview*

Bangkok, March 13 (Domei)—

The close and friendly relations between Nippon and Thailand will remain absolutely unaffected and will continue to be strengthened despite the recent developments in French Indo-China, which compelled Nippon to take effective defence measures there, Reitetsu Iwata, Spokesman of the Nippon Embassy here declared in a press interview here yesterday, Monday. Both Nippon and Thai pressmen were invited to attend the press conference.

The Spokesman pointed out that the Tokyo Government, following the latest developments in French Indo-China, clarified its intention to extend unstinted support on the basis of the Joint Declaration of Greater East Asiatic Nations to the Annamites and other peoples who desire to attain independence. Consequently, Thailand's independence will be given stronger guarantee than ever before, he added.

The Nippon Government, he said, intends to take effective measures to promote interchange of commodities between Thailand and French Indo-China, which, he added, had been on an unsatisfactory basis. He hoped this would contribute to the improvement of the Thailanders' economic life to some extent.

Analyzing Nippon-Thai relations, he declared the fundamental ties between Nippon and Thailand are based on the offensive and defensive alliance pact between the two countries, while Nippon-F.I.C. relations were maintained mainly on the joint defence agreement between them. The difference between Nippon-Thai relations and Nippon-F.I.C. relations is not only in name, he declared. The Nippon-Thai Pact is fundamentally a pact of friendship and comradeship firmly based on ideals and convictions common to both nations. Their relations therefore are such that they will remain absolutely unshakable and unaffected by military developments and vicissitudes in the general situation. This is well substantiated by the course of events in the relations between the two nations for the past three years, he added.

their ability is notorious. Let the dogs bark as loud as they can or until their throats burst, but the caravan of the Indian Freedom Movement will march on until final victory and everlasting peace is achieved.

Indo-China Sets Up Efficient Form Of Government

*All Existing Laws &
Political Systems
To Be Respected*

Saigon, Mar. 13 (Domei)—As stated in the proclamation issued by the Commander of the Nippon forces in French Indo-China, Nippon's policy in French Indo-China following the collapse of French rule is not only to leave the governments of the local inhabitants unchanged but also to respect all existing laws and maintain the political system which was in force under French rule.

In accordance with this policy the administration will remain in the charge of the Governor-General which post is held by the Commander of the Nippon forces. Shunichi Matsumoto, Nippon Ambassador to French Indo-China, holds the post of supreme adviser and will supervise all general affairs. Under his charge are the existing bureaux. Nippon Minister Masayuki Yokoyama has been appointed supreme adviser to the Annamese Government which declared independence on Mar. 11.

Nippon Consul-General Kubo has been appointed supreme adviser to the kingdom of Cambodia. The Nippon adviser to the kingdom of Luang Prabang, formerly included in the Laos Protectorate, has not yet been named. The government of an independent state will retain its administration by the local inhabitants with the assistance of Nippon advisers.

Consul-General Fujio Minota has been appointed Governor of the former French colony of Cochinchina while Consul-General Nishimura, Adviser to the Government of Annam, has been appointed Resident Superior of the former Tonkin Protectorate. Consul-General Tatsuchi Kawano and Consul-General Hiroshi Kobase have been appointed acting mayors of

BRITISH UNPOPULARITY IN INDIA AGAIN EXPOSED; FOUR MORE DEFEATS IN ASSEMBLY

*India Not Held
Major Issue By
British Diehards*

A Reuter's correspondent in London in a report yesterday discusses the agenda before the forthcoming Conservative Party Conference in London, and reveals that the agenda does not include any specific resolution dealing with the Indian problem.

Summing up the attitude of the various parties, the Tories, Liberals and Labour, the Reuter's correspondent says that all the parties firmly stand behind the terms of the notorious Cripps Offer of 1942, and are not prepared to go an inch further.

From what the Reuter correspondent has said, it is clear that the various political parties in Britain are one in their determination to keep India perpetually in political and economic bondage.

Saigon-Cholon and Hanoi, respectively. Commander of the Gendarmes Kasuga will hold the concurrent post of Inspector-General of Police Administration.

In view of the limited number of Nippon officials available to the administration of such an extensive area as French Indo-China which had been hitherto governed by more than 2,000 French officials, it has been decided to assign Nippon officials to only the above-mentioned important posts, leaving other posts in both the central and local governments in the hands of the local inhabitants. Thus, an efficient administrative system necessary for facilitating Nippon's war operations regardless of the unco-operative attitude of the French authorities, has been set up.

*India's Representatives
Reject Entire Demand
Of Information Dept*

Four more stunning defeats were inflicted on the British authorities in the Central Assembly on Tuesday when the House refused the entire demands budgetted for the Information and the Commonwealth Departments, and also passed two cut motions in respect of demands for the Financial and Labour Departments.

Refusing the entire demand of 35 lakhs and 10 thousand rupees under the heading "Information Department" the Opposition Members denounced the policy of the Information Department whose sole business, they said, is to misrepresent the actual state of affairs in India.

In an evasive reply to the criticism, Sir Sultan Ahmad, the so-called Member for Information and Broadcasting, made an academic speech on the benefits of publicity and propaganda and blew his own trumpet by saying that the present broadcasting station in New Delhi is one of the finest in the world. Sir Sultan's arguments, however, failed to impress any section of the House, and the entire sum of money needed for the running of his unwanted and mischievous department was totally refused.

Another demand of rupees four lakhs and 13 thousand which was also totally refused was the one under the heading "Emigration External". Opposition members argued that the British authorities in India have not done anything to improve the present miserable lot of the Indians overseas especially those residing in South Africa, Canada and other parts of the British Empire. Continuing, the members of the Opposition contended that British policy towards Indian emigrants being what it is, the entire demand under the heading "Emigration" was unjustified. Dr. N. B. Khare, the so-called Commonwealth Relations Member, made a feeble attempt to defend the British policy in respect of Indians abroad but the demand when finally put to vote was refused by an overwhelming majority.

Of the two cut motions which were passed, one was moved by Mrs. Renuka Roy who demanded, on humanitarian grounds, the immediate abolition of the employment of Indian women in the coal mines.

The other cut motion was moved by Mr. F. C. Tyson, of the European Group who urged the need for economy, particularly in the Civil Department. He was supported by Mr. Frank Antony, the Anglo-Indian Member, Mr. Mohammed Yamin Khan of the Muslim League, Prof. Ranga of the Congress

(Continued on next page)

CAMBODIAN GOVERNMENT OUTLINES FUTURE POLICY

Pnom Penh, March 13 (Domei)

—Simultaneous with the declaration of independence proclaimed by King Norodom Shihanouk of Cambodia, the Government of the kingdom of Cambodia issued the following statement:

In view of the world situation, especially the present state of affairs in Greater East Asia, the kingdom of Cambodia no longer feels the need for French protection and hereby declares the Treaty of Protectorate concluded with France null and void, and that the kingdom of Cambodia has recovered independence.

The kingdom of Cambodia looks back on the history of the nation which is full of a brilliant past, and hopes for its future prosperity. At the same time the kingdom of Cambodia, in line with the declaration, and as a member nation of the Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere, will make every effort for the attainment of the aims of the said declaration. Placing implicit confidence in the Nippon Empire and mobilizing all resources under its control, the kingdom of Cambodia will co-operate with Nippon for realization of the common objectives.

Nippon-Go Examination Results Announced

The results of the Nippon-Go examinations conducted by the Syonan Tokubetsu-shi Education Department on Feb. 15 and March 4 were announced today by the respective authorities concerned.

Examinations were held for the Advance, Middle, Elementary and Preliminary Grades and the numbers of the successful candidates are given below. Of the 1386 applicants, comprising 119 Advance Grade, 428 Middle Grade, 801 Elementary Grade and 38 Preliminary Grade, 523 sat for the examinations.

As shown in the list, 71 candidates passed the Advance Grade, 143 the Middle Grade, 243 the Elementary Grade and 64 the Preliminary Grade, representing 78.8 per cent, 53.3 per cent, 72 per cent and 72.2 per cent respectively.

ZYOKYU (ADVANCE GRADE)

The following have passed the Zokyu Grade:—A.1, A.3, A.4, A.5, A.6, A.7, A.8, A.9, A.11, A.12, A.13, A.14, A.15, A.16, A.17, A.20, A.22, A.23, A.25, A.29, A.30, A.31, A.33, A.35, A.37, A.40, A.42, A.43, A.44, A.46, A.48, A.54, A.56, A.57, A.58, A.59, A.60, A.61, A.62, A.63, A.64, A.66, A.67, A.68, A.69, A.70, A.71, A.72, A.73, A.74, A.76, A.77, A.79, A.81, A.83, A.89, A.91, A.92, A.93, A.94, A.97, A.101, A.106, A.107, A.108, A.109, A.110, A.113, A.117, A.118, A.119.

The following have failed in the Zokyu Grade but passed the Tyukyu Grade:—A.10, A.24, A.26, A.49, A.75, A.78, A.80, A.87, A.88, A.90, A.96, A.105, A.111.

The following have failed in the Zokyu Grade but passed the Syokyu:—A.86, A.99.

TYUKYU (MIDDLE GRADE)

The following have passed the Tyukyu Grade:—B.1, B.5, B.7, B.8, B.9, B.15, B.16, B.18, B.20, B.22, B.27, B.30, B.33, B.34, B.35, B.39, B.41, B.42, B.47, B.48, B.50, B.52, B.54, B.56, B.57, B.66, B.70, B.71, B.72, B.73, B.74, B.84, B.90, B.92, B.95, B.100, B.101, B.108, B.111, B.116, B.119, B.121, B.124, B.149, B.150, B.161, B.162, B.163, B.164, B.166, B.169, B.171, B.173, B.177, B.178, B.179, B.185, B.190, B.191, B.195, B.196, B.197, B.198, B.199, B.201, B.206, B.215, B.219, B.220, B.221, B.223, B.233, B.239, B.243, B.247, B.248, B.252, B.254, B.256, B.259, B.267, B.268, B.272, B.279, B.281, B.284, B.287, B.288, B.290, B.293, B.294, B.298, B.302, B.304, B.306, B.308, B.313, B.314, B.316, B.317, B.318, B.320, B.321, B.322, B.324, B.325, B.327, B.329, B.330, B.331, B.332, B.333, B.334, B.336, B.339, B.341, B.343, B.346, B.347, B.348, B.361, B.364, B.368, B.415, B.418, B.419, B.420, B.423, B.421, B.422.

The following have failed in the Tyukyu Grade but passed the Syokyu Grade (Elementary Grade):—B.11, B.12, B.17, B.23, B.24, B.25, B.26, B.28, B.31, B.44, B.45, B.51, B.53, B.64, B.68, B.83, B.85, B.99, B.103, B.118, B.142, B.151, B.154, B.165, B.168, B.172, B.174, B.182, B.183, B.184, B.187, B.189, B.193, B.204, B.213, B.216, B.217, B.225, B.228, B.232, B.244, B.253, B.255, B.258, B.260, B.264, B.265, B.278, B.282, B.285, B.289, B.297, B.299, B.303, B.307, B.311, B.326, B.350, B.365, B.379, B.397, B.424, B.425, B.427.

The following have failed in the Tyukyu Grade but passed the Kyugai Grade:—B.21, B.29, B.167, B.176, B.192, B.231, B.86, B.59.

SYOKYU (ELEMENTARY GRADE)
The following have passed the Syokyu (Elementary Grade):—C.1, C.4, C.5, C.6, C.8, C.10, C.11, C.13, C.15, C.16, C.18, C.19, C.29, C.31, C.32, C.33, C.34, C.35, C.36, C.39, C.40, C.41, C.42, C.45, C.46, C.49, C.52, C.53, C.55, C.59, C.72, C.73, C.76, C.77, C.103, C.104, C.108, C.110, C.112, C.115, C.120, C.122, C.124, C.127, C.129, C.130, C.153, C.158, C.161, C.162, C.167, C.168, C.169, C.174, C.413.

Sanguinary War On North-East Of San Nicolas

(By A Domei War Cor.)
Luzon Front, March 12

(Domei)—A sanguinary battle is now raging along the Balete Pass, north-east of San Nicolas, on the Aparri-Manila road between Nippon defenders and American forces who are attempting to penetrate into the Bayombong sector over the Caraballo Mountains dividing the Cagayan Valley sector from the Central Luzon plain. The enemy is attempting to break through the Caraballo Mountains from two directions—one force driving northward along Tayug, San Nicolas and the Ambayabang River, another also driving northward from the San Jose sector north-east of Munoz, on the highway or new road which the enemy is now constructing for motor lorries.

In this attempt, powerful enemy forces since Feb. 25 have been attacking our positions in the vicinity of Puncan, 15 kilometres north of San Jose. Our forces are tenaciously holding their own against the enemy and exacting a heavy toll of American lives through the employment of storming assaults. Furthermore, our defenders successfully repulsed approximately 1,000 enemy troops which, by an outflanking movement, drove toward the neighbourhood of Minuli, south of the Balete Pass from a point east of San Jose.

Also in our positions on the mountain pass ten kilometres north-west of Minuli, the enemy has made a penetration, but our forces recaptured this pass on the afternoon of March 10.

In the sector between these two passes our forces since the night of March 10 have been carrying our storming assaults against the infesting enemy of approximately 100 troops.

C.171, C.172, C.173, C.174, C.177, C.194, C.198, C.199, C.202, C.203, C.204, C.207, C.208, C.209, C.213, C.214, C.216, C.217, C.220, C.223, C.224, C.225, C.226, C.228, C.229, C.230, C.231, C.236, C.238, C.242, C.243, C.246, C.247, C.255, C.265, C.280, C.287, C.289, C.290, C.292, C.320, C.339, C.349, C.350, C.353, C.360, C.363, C.364, C.365, C.368, C.369, C.370, C.379, C.380, C.384, C.385, C.387, C.399, C.404, C.407, C.408, C.413, C.415, C.417, C.419, C.428, C.437, C.447, C.450, C.451, C.463, C.464, C.465, C.468, C.469, C.470, C.471, C.472, C.473, C.474, C.475, C.476, C.477, C.478, C.479, C.480, C.481, C.482, C.483, C.484, C.486, C.496, C.497, C.498, C.500, C.504, C.506, C.512, C.522, C.524, C.525, C.526, C.528, C.529, C.532, C.533, C.534, C.535, C.538, C.539, C.540, C.543, C.545, C.546, C.548, C.549, C.551, C.552, C.555, C.720, C.788, C.789, C.790, C.791, C.793, C.795.

KYUGAI (OUT-OF-GRADE)

The following have passed the Kyugai (Out-of-Grade):—D.1, D.5, D.6, D.7, D.8, D.9, D.14, D.16, D.17, D.18, D.21, D.24, D.26, D.27, D.28, D.31.

KYUGAI (OUT-OF-GRADE)

The following have failed the Syokyu (Elementary Grade) but passed the Kyugai (Out-of-Grade):—C.3, C.17, C.43, C.109, C.114, C.119, C.121, C.125, C.154, C.156, C.160, C.197, C.206, C.232, C.235, C.239, C.244, C.248, C.257, C.258, C.260, C.263, C.266, C.274, C.277, C.278, C.293, C.304, C.366, C.392, C.396, C.403, C.409, C.411, C.420, C.425, C.443, C.491, C.492, C.503, C.792, C.794, C.413.

Fierce Fighting Now Progressing On Rhine Front

Berlin, March 13 (Domei)—

Grim fighting on the Western Front is at present raging at the bridgehead on the Rhine opposite Remagen. Along the line from Rhenbreitbach to Ohlenberg, the Americans after heavy artillery preparation launched an attack in an easterly direction but were soon checked and incurred heavy losses. A German attack is at present under way at Leubdorf. Artillery fire increases hourly.

From the sector of Laach Lake, a number of German troops, who had been encircled by far numerically superior American forces, in the past 48 hours made their way back to German positions.

Meanwhile, on the Eastern Front Dirschau was lost in fighting but the Soviet advance from the area in the vicinity of Schwarzwasser was checked by German troops. In a counter-attack the Soviets were thrown back toward the south-east. The Soviets attacking from the sector north of Ratibor limited their activity to weaker attacks as they have sustained big losses.

Between Kuestrin and Frankfurt the Germans withstood concentric Soviet attacks with the Soviet attempt to establish a bridgehead at Frankfurt frustrated. On the southern periphery of the bridgehead in the area north-east of Greifenhafen, German forces counter-attacked and reconquered a considerable amount of territory. The fortress of Kolberg ward off new enemy tank attacks. Strongest were the Soviet attacks near Danzig.

American bomber formations made attacks on residential quarters of Seimende, Vienna and Marburg on the Lahn. British terror planes attacked the West Phalian area and hit especially Dortmund. During the night the Reich capital was the target of enemy bombers.

American Liberty Ship Sunk Off Australia

Lisbon, March 12 (Domei)—The United States War Shipping Administration today revealed that the American Liberty ship Robert Z. Walker was sunk off the coast of Australia several weeks ago as the result of Nipponese submarine action according to a Washington dispatch.

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Malai Postal Savings Top \$20,000,000 Mark

The Malai Postal Savings Bank deposits exceeded the 20 million-dollar mark in deposits and 450,000 persons in depositors at the end of February, 2605. At first it took one full year for savings to exceed the one million-dollar mark but at the expiration of the following year, it exceeded ten million-dollar and five months later the 20 million-dollar mark was realized. Depositors, too, favoured with an upward inclination have greatly exceeded the pre-war record of 130,000 persons.

It is hoped the passing of 500,000 depositors under the encouragement of the Prediction Competition of the Yusei Kyoku ("When will the number of depositors in the Dai Nippon Government Post Office Savings Bank of Malai exceed 500,000?") will be realized very soon. This excellent result in the Postal Savings is undoubtedly attributed to the savings consciousness of the people and also to their reliance on the Gunsei (Military Administration).

Deposits and withdrawals made during February are 3,461,285 dollars and 1,339,611 dollars respectively. The difference shows a net increase of 2,121,674 dollars. An increase of 17,497 in depositors has also been made during this month.

Thus the whole amount of deposits and the number of depositors are \$20,384,120 and 452,093 persons respectively at the end of February, 2605.

British Unpopularity In India Again Exposed

(Continued from previous page)

Party, and Mr. Krishnamachari, Nationalist. All the speakers pointed out that unbridled corruption and wastage is going on in the various departments of the Government. The so-called Finance Member, Sir Jeremy Raisman, promised to bring about greater economy in public expenditure, and on his assurance, the European member wanted to withdraw his cut motion. But all the Opposition parties jointly demanded a division, and the cut was adopted by a thumping majority.

71 Raiders Downed & Damaged Over Osaka

Tokyo, Mar. 14 (Domei)—Eleven B-29's were brought down and about 60 others damaged at the hands of Nippon interception units when the United States air force raided the Osaka district from midnight yesterday, Mar. 13, to the early hours today, Dai Honyei announced at 4.30 p.m. today.

The announcement reads: "War results achieved in interception of enemy aircraft which raided Osaka district from midnight yesterday, Mar. 13, to the early hours today, Mar. 14, are as follows:—Shot down 11, and damaged about 60 others."



SYOWA GEKIZYO

(15 - 21 Sangatu)

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